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ANALISIS PENGARUH MOTIVASI INTERNAL TERHADAP FASE PRA-BENCANA DI DUSUN WONOSARI DAN SUKOSARI, DESA PANDANSARI, KEC. PONCOKUSUMO KAB. MALANG

THE EFFECT OF INTERNAL MOTIVATION TO PRE-DISASTER PHASE IN WONOSARI AND SUKOSARI VILLAGE, PONCOKUSUMO DISTRICT, MALANG REGENCY

Oda Debora¹⁾, Wibowo²⁾

Program Studi Diploma III Keperawatan Akademi Keperawatan Panti Waluya Malang,
Jl. Yulius Usman No. 62 Malang
oda@akperpanti.ac.id

ABSTRACT

Introduction: Community resiliency is one of important factor in order to encounter disaster and accelerate recovery phase after a disaster occur. To enhance this resilience, various efforts can be done during pre-disaster phase. However, without intense internal motivation, this efforts were useless. The aim of this research was to find out the internal motivation which has a dominant influence on the pre-disaster phase. **Method:** This research was a non-experimental with cross-sectional design. Data was collected in one time for each respondent using a questionnaire. Partial Least Square test were done to found out the most influential components in internal motivation and pre-disaster phase and the relational strength between those two variables. **Result and Analysis:** Internal motivation affected pre-disaster phase, it was shown by t score 2.508. Variables which contributed predominantly to internal motivation was knowledge which was indicated by a t value of 2.074. Whereas the pre-disaster phase which contributed predominantly was Expedient hazard Mitigation which was indicated by t value of 21.346. **Discussion:** It can be concluded that the provision of sustainable knowledge to the population can improve the population ability to recognize vulnerabilities in their location and create a better mitigation system. Nurses can improve the community ability in mitigation through the continuous delivery of knowledge about disasters and first aid in a sustainable emergency. Mitigation was not confined only for environment, it also concluded community resources mitigation as well. Economic mitigation was the prior consideration thought by the community, especially for those who had middle-low income.

Keyword: internal motivation, resilience, pre-disaster, natural disaster

Pendahuluan

Bencana alam dan sosial selalu menjadi topik utama disetiap bagian dunia hingga saat ini. Hal ini disebabkan oleh dampak yang ditimbulkan sangat luas, terutama pada sektor ekonomi. Hingga saat ini, masih sangat umum bagi suatu negara yang terdampak bencana mengajukan pinjaman pada bank dunia untuk membantu kondisi finansial pada masa pemulihan pasca-bencana. Tidak hanya keuangan, suatu negara juga perlu menggerakkan sumber daya manusia serta tenaga yang tidak sedikit, sehingga dana yang dikeluarkan juga semakin besar. Meskipun demikian, masih banyak negara yang enggan melakukan kegiatan pengurangan resiko bencana pada fase pra-bencana (Dilley, 2005; Riyanti Djalante, 2012).

Mengembangkan ketangguhan bagi pemerintahan lokal dan masyarakat sebagai kelompok yang lebih kecil sangatlah penting. Bagi negara yang sedang berkembang, masyarakat kelas ekonomi menengah kebawah akan sangat merasakan dampak akibat bencana. Dampak tidak hanya dialami pada bidang ekonomi, tetapi juga kehidupan sosial. Jika mereka terdampak bencana, fase pemulihan akan berjalan sangat lambat sehingga perekonomian negara juga ikut mengalami penurunan. Kesejahteraan umum dan stabilitas negara akan terganggu dan menurunkan pendapatan per-kapita suatu negara (Kirschberger, 2017). Hal ini juga berlaku di Indonesia, dimana sebagian besar penduduknya hidup dari sektor pertanian dan peternakan. Diperlukan kerja sama berbagai pihak, menyusun rencana yang terstruktur, serta mengajak berbagai macam bidang

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